

# Rate Laws

Pre-lesson assignment- textbook page 273-276 + 284-286

## Define the following terms

- Rate Equation

## Make notes on rate equations

*Use the following questions as guidance*

1. For a reaction  $A + B \rightarrow C + D$  it is found that the reaction is second order with respect to A and is first order with respect to B.
  - a. Show how a rate equation can be written for this reaction.
  - b. Show how the overall order can be calculated.
  - c. Show that the units of k are  $\text{dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
  - d. If the concentration of A is  $1 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$  and the concentration of B is  $0.5 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ , the rate is measured as  $1.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ . Show that  $k = 2.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ dm}^6 \text{mol}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
2. Describe how an initial rates experiment can be used to determine rate laws
  - a. How is using the initial rate more accurate than using the whole reaction?
  - b. How is an iodine clock reaction set up?